

Vergleich von "Gammaverteilung" und Lognormalverteilung

1) exponentiell gedämpfte Potenz bzw. "Gammaverteilung"

Definition und Eigenschaften

■ Definition

```
In[164]:= Clear[α, x0]
p1[x_] = x^α * Exp[-x / x0] / (x0^(α + 1) * Gamma[α + 1])
```

```
Out[165]= 
$$\frac{e^{-\frac{x}{x_0}} x^\alpha x_0^{-1-\alpha}}{\Gamma[1 + \alpha]}$$

```

■ p1(x) ist richtig normiert ...

```
In[166]:= Integrate[p1[x], {x, 0, ∞}, Assumptions → Re[x0] > 0 && Re[α] > 0]
```

```
Out[166]= 1
```

■ Bestimmung des Maximums

```
In[167]:= p1maximum = x /. Solve[D[p1[x], {x, 1}] == 0, x]
```

```
Out[167]= {x0 α}
```

■ Momente allgemein berechnet

```
In[168]:= Integrate[x * p1[x], {x, 0, ∞}, Assumptions → Re[x0] > 0 && Re[α] > 0]
Integrate[x^2 * p1[x], {x, 0, ∞}, Assumptions → Re[x0] > 0 && Re[α] > 0]
Integrate[x^3 * p1[x], {x, 0, ∞}, Assumptions → Re[x0] > 0 && Re[α] > 0]
Integrate[x^4 * p1[x], {x, 0, ∞}, Assumptions → Re[x0] > 0 && Re[α] > 0]
Integrate[x^n * p1[x], {x, 0, ∞}, Assumptions → Re[x0] > 0 && Re[α] > 0 && Re[n] > 1]
```

Out[168]= $x_0 (1 + \alpha)$

Out[169]= $x_0^2 (1 + \alpha) (2 + \alpha)$

Out[170]= $\frac{x_0^3 \text{Gamma}[4 + \alpha]}{\text{Gamma}[1 + \alpha]}$

Out[171]= $\frac{x_0^4 \text{Gamma}[5 + \alpha]}{\text{Gamma}[1 + \alpha]}$

Out[172]= $\frac{x_0^n \text{Gamma}[1 + n + \alpha]}{\text{Gamma}[1 + \alpha]}$

■ Erwartungswert in Abhängigkeit von α und x_0

```
In[173]:= plmittelwert = x0 * (α + 1)
```

Out[173]= $x_0 (1 + \alpha)$

■ Momente in Abhängigkeit von α und x_0

```
In[177]:= plxmoment[n_] = x0^n ∏_{k=1}^n (α + k);
```

```
plxmoment[1]
```

```
plxmoment[2]
```

```
plxmoment[3]
```

```
plxmoment[4]
```

Out[178]= $x_0 (1 + \alpha)$

Out[179]= $x_0^2 (1 + \alpha) (2 + \alpha)$

Out[180]= $x_0^3 (1 + \alpha) (2 + \alpha) (3 + \alpha)$

Out[181]= $x_0^4 (1 + \alpha) (2 + \alpha) (3 + \alpha) (4 + \alpha)$

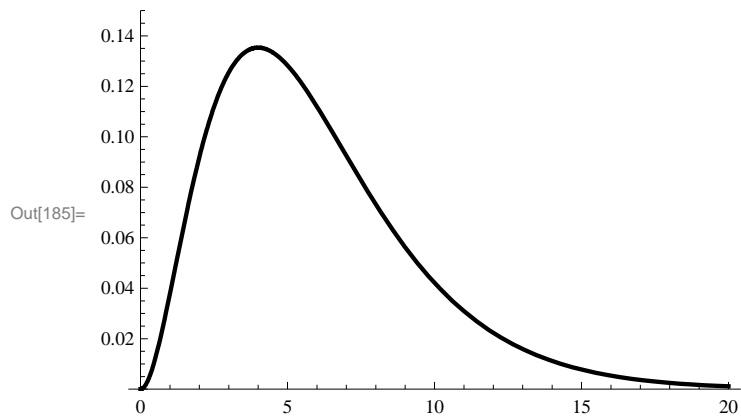
■ allgemeine Bestimmung der Varianz

```
In[182]:= plvarianz =
Integrate[(x - plmittelwert)^2 * p1[x], {x, 0, ∞}, Assumptions → Re[x0] > 0 && Re[α] > 0]
```

Out[182]= $x_0^2 (1 + \alpha)$

■ Beispielverteilung

```
In[183]:= x0 = 2;
          alpha = 2;
          Plot[p1[x], {x, 0, 20}, PlotRange -> {0, 0.15}, PlotStyle -> {Directive[Black, Thick]}]
          Clear[alpha, x0]
```



■ Wie α , x_0 , Erwartungswert, Maximum und Varianz voneinander abhangigen..

```
In[187]:= plmaximum
          plmittelwert
          plvarianz
```

Out[187]= {x0 alpha}

Out[188]= x0 (1 + alpha)

Out[189]= x0² (1 + alpha)

```
In[190]:= plmaxi[alpha_, x0_] = alpha * x0;
          plmittel[alpha_, x0_] = x0 (1 + alpha);
          plvari[alpha_, x0_] = x02 (1 + alpha);
          alphamittelmaxi[mittel_, maxi_] = maxi / (mittel - maxi);
          alphamittelvari[mittel_, vari_] = mittel2 / vari - 1;
          x0mittelmaxi[mittel_, maxi_] = mittel - maxi;
          x0mittelvari[mittel_, vari_] = vari / mittel;
```

Verteilung in Abhangigkeit von Erwartungswert und Maximum

```
In[197]:= Clear[xmittel, xmax]
          plmodlalpha = alphamittelmaxi[xmittel, xmax];
          plmodlx0 = x0mittelmaxi[xmittel, xmax];
          plmodl[x_] =
            xplmodlalpha * Exp[-x / plmodlx0] / (plmodlx0plmodlalpha + 1 * Gamma[plmodlalpha + 1])
```

Out[200]=

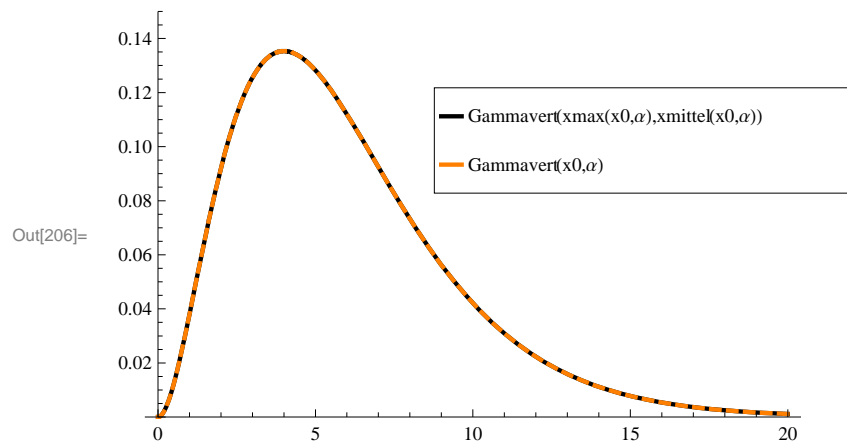
$$\frac{e^{-\frac{x}{\text{plmodlx0}}} x^{\text{plmodlalpha}} (-\text{xmax} + \text{xmittel})^{-1 - \frac{\text{xmax}}{-\text{xmax} + \text{xmittel}}}}{\text{Gamma}\left[1 + \frac{\text{xmax}}{-\text{xmax} + \text{xmittel}}\right]}$$

■ selbe Beispielverteilung wie oben

```
In[201]:= x0 = 2;
alpha = 2;
xmax = plmaxi[alpha, x0]
xmittel = plmittel[alpha, x0]
Needs["PlotLegends`"]
Plot[{plmod1[x], pl1[x]}, {x, 0, 20}, PlotRange -> {0, 0.15},
PlotStyle -> {Directive[Black, Thick], Directive[Orange, Dashed, Thick]},
PlotLegend -> {"Gammavert(xmax(x0,alpha),xmittle(x0,alpha))", "Gammavert(x0,alpha)"},
LegendPosition -> {-0.1, 0.1}, LegendShadow -> {0, 0},
LegendSize -> {1.2, 0.3}, LegendTextSpace -> 15]
Clear[xmittel, xmax, alpha, x0]
```

Out[203]= 4

Out[204]= 6



Verteilung in Abhängigkeit von Erwartungswert und Varianz

```
In[208]:= Clear[xmittel, xvari]
plmod2alpha = alphamittelvari[xmittel, xvari];
plmod2x0 = x0mittelvari[xmittel, xvari];
plmod2[x_] =
x ^ plmod2alpha * Exp[-x / plmod2x0] / (plmod2x0 ^ (plmod2alpha + 1) * Gamma[plmod2alpha + 1])
```

Out[211]=

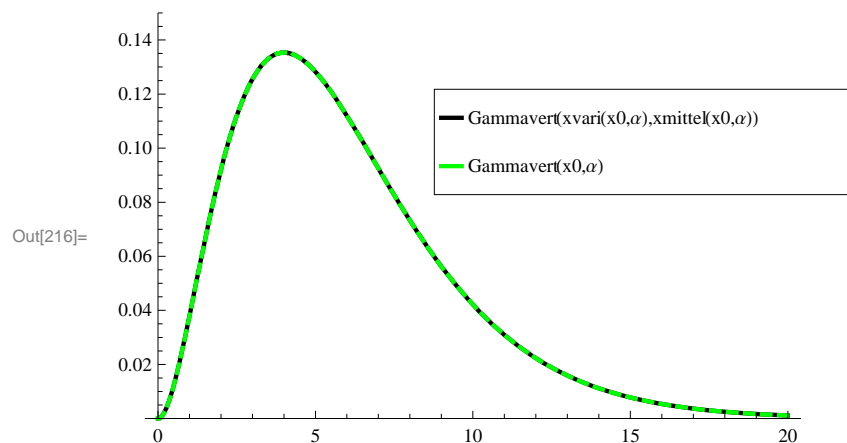
$$\frac{e^{-\frac{x \text{xmittel}}{xvari}} x^{-1 + \frac{\text{xmittel}^2}{xvari}} \left(\frac{xvari}{\text{xmittel}}\right)^{-\frac{\text{xmittel}^2}{xvari}}}{\text{Gamma}\left[\frac{\text{xmittel}^2}{xvari}\right]}$$

■ selbe Beispielveilung wie oben

```
In[212]:= x0 = 2;
          alpha = 2;
          xvari = plvari[alpha, x0]
          xmittel = plmittel[alpha, x0]
          Plot[{plmod2[x], pl[x]}, {x, 0, 20}, PlotRange -> {0, 0.15},
              PlotStyle -> {Directive[Black, Thick], Directive[Green, Dashed, Thick]},
              PlotLegend -> {"Gammavert(xvari(x0,alpha),xmittel(x0,alpha))", "Gammavert(x0,alpha)"},
              LegendPosition -> {-0.1, 0.1}, LegendShadow -> {0, 0},
              LegendSize -> {1.2, 0.3}, LegendTextSpace -> 15]
          Clear[xmittel, xmax, xvari, alpha, x0]
```

Out[214]= 12

Out[215]= 6



In[218]:=

2) Lognormalverteilung

Definition und Eigenschaften

■ Definition

```
In[219]:= p2[x_] = 1 / (x * S * Sqrt[2 * Pi]) * Exp[-(Log[x] - mu)^2 / (2 * S^2)]
```

$$\text{Out[219]= } \frac{e^{-\frac{(-\mu + \text{Log}[x])^2}{2 s^2}}}{\sqrt{2 \pi} S x}$$

■ richtig normiert ...

```
In[220]:= Integrate[p2[x], {x, 0, infinity}, Assumptions -> Re[S] > 0 && Re[mu] > 0 && Im[S] == 0 && Im[mu] == 0]
```

Out[220]= 1

Bestimmung des Maximums

In[221]:= `p2maximum = x /. Solve[D[p2[x], {x, 1}] == 0, x]`

Out[221]= $\{e^{-S^2+\mu}\}$

■ Momente allgemein berechnet

In[222]:= `Integrate[x * p2[x], {x, 0, ∞},
 Assumptions → Re[S] > 0 && Re[μ] > 0 && Im[S] == 0 && Im[μ] == 0]
 Integrate[x^2 * p2[x], {x, 0, ∞},
 Assumptions → Re[S] > 0 && Re[μ] > 0 && Im[S] == 0 && Im[μ] == 0]
 Integrate[x^3 * p2[x], {x, 0, ∞},
 Assumptions → Re[S] > 0 && Re[μ] > 0 && Im[S] == 0 && Im[μ] == 0]
 Integrate[x^4 * p2[x], {x, 0, ∞},
 Assumptions → Re[S] > 0 && Re[μ] > 0 && Im[S] == 0 && Im[μ] == 0]
 Integrate[x^n * p2[x], {x, 0, ∞},
 Assumptions → Re[S] > 0 && Re[μ] > 0 && Im[S] == 0 && Im[μ] == 0]`

Out[222]= $e^{\frac{S^2}{2}+\mu}$

Out[223]= $e^{2(S^2+\mu)}$

Out[224]= $e^{\frac{9S^2}{2}+3\mu}$

Out[225]= $e^{8S^2+4\mu}$

Out[226]= $e^{\frac{n^2 S^2}{2}+n\mu}$

■ Erwartungswert in Abhängigkeit von S und μ

In[227]:= `p2mittelwert = e^{\frac{S^2}{2}+\mu};`

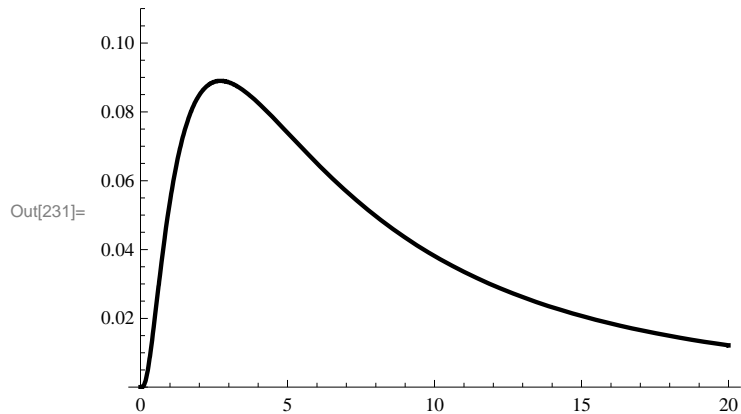
■ allgemeine Bestimmung der Varianz

In[228]:= `p2varianz = Integrate[(x - p2mittelwert)^2 * p2[x], {x, 0, ∞},
 Assumptions → Re[S] > 0 && Re[μ] > 0 && Im[S] == 0 && Im[μ] == 0]`

Out[228]= $e^{S^2+2\mu}(-1 + e^{S^2})$

■ Beispielverteilung

```
In[229]:= S = 1;
          μ = 2;
          Plot[p2[x], {x, 0, 20}, PlotRange -> {0, 0.11}, PlotStyle -> {Directive[Black, Thick]}]
          Clear[S, μ]
```



■ Wie S, μ, Erwartungswert, Maximum und Varianz voneinander abhaengen..

```
In[233]:= p2maximum
          p2mittelwert
          p2varianz
```

Out[233]= $\{e^{-S^2+\mu}\}$

Out[234]= $e^{\frac{S^2}{2}+\mu}$

Out[235]= $e^{S^2+2\mu}(-1+e^{S^2})$

```
In[236]:= p2maxi[S_, μ_] = e^{-S^2+μ};
          p2mittel[S_, μ_] = e^{\frac{S^2}{2}+μ};
          p2vari[S_, μ_] = e^{S^2+2μ}(-1+e^{S^2});
          μmittelmaxi[mittel_, maxi_] = \frac{1}{3}(\text{Log}[maxi] + 2 \text{Log}[mittel]);
          Smittelmaxi[mittel_, maxi_] = \sqrt{\frac{2}{3}} \sqrt{\text{Log}\left[\frac{\text{mittel}}{\text{maxi}}\right]};
          Smittelvari[mittel_, vari_] = \sqrt{\text{Log}\left[\frac{\text{mittel}^2 + \text{vari}}{\text{mittel}^2}\right]};
          μmittelvari[mittel_, vari_] = \text{Log}\left[\frac{\text{mittel}^2}{\sqrt{\text{mittel}^2 + \text{vari}}}\right];
```

Verteilung in Abhängigkeit von Erwartungswert und Maximum

```
In[243]:= Clear[xmittel, xmax]
p2mod1S = Smittelmaxi[xmittel, xmax];
p1mod1μ = μmittelmaxi[xmittel, xmax];
p2mod1[x_] = 1 / (x * p2mod1S * Sqrt[2 * Pi]) * Exp[-(Log[x] - p1mod1μ)^2 / (2 * p2mod1S^2)]
```

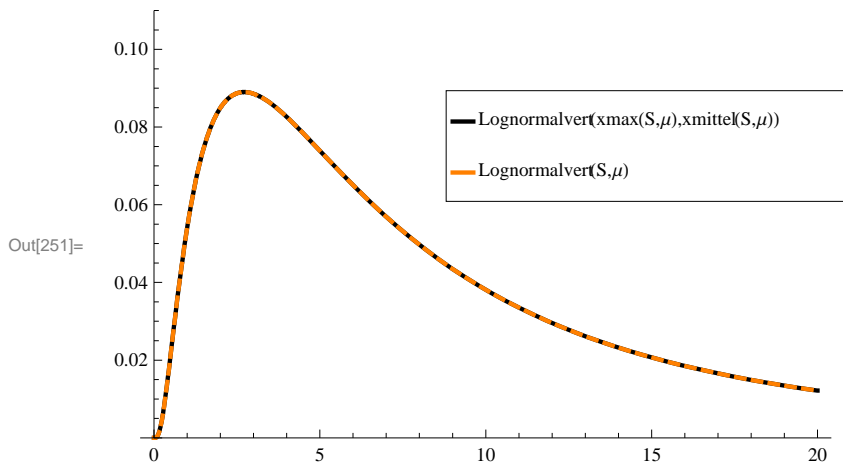
$$\text{Out[246]= } \frac{e^{-\frac{3 \left(\text{Log}[x] + \frac{1}{3} (-\text{Log}[xmax] - 2 \text{Log}[xmittel]) \right)^2}{4 \text{Log}\left[\frac{xmittel}{xmax}\right]}} \sqrt{\frac{3}{\pi}}}{2 x \sqrt{\text{Log}\left[\frac{xmittel}{xmax}\right]}}$$

■ selbe Beispielverteilung wie oben

```
In[247]:= S = 1;
μ = 2;
xmax = p2maxi[S, μ]
xmittle = p2mittel[S, μ]
Plot[{p2mod1[x], p2[x]}, {x, 0, 20}, PlotRange -> {0, 0.11},
PlotStyle -> {Directive[Black, Thick], Directive[Orange, Dashed, Thick]},
PlotLegend -> {"Lognormalvert(xmax(S,μ),xmittle(S,μ))", "Lognormalvert(S,μ)"},
LegendPosition -> {-0.1, 0.1}, LegendShadow -> {0, 0},
LegendSize -> {1.1, 0.3}, LegendTextSpace -> 15]
Clear[xmittel, xmax, xvari, S, μ]
```

Out[249]= e

Out[250]= e^{5/2}



Verteilung in Abhängigkeit von Erwartungswert und Varianz

```
In[253]:= Clear[xmittel, xvari]
p2mod2S = Smittelvari[xmittel, xvari];
p1mod2μ = μmittelvari[xmittel, xvari];
p2mod2[x_] = 1 / (x * p2mod2S * Sqrt[2 * Pi]) * Exp[-(Log[x] - p1mod2μ) ^ 2 / (2 * p2mod2S ^ 2)]
```

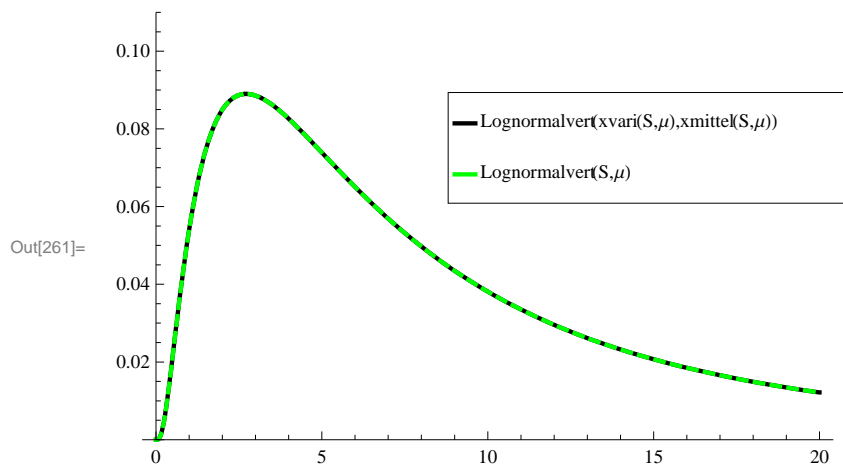
$$\text{Out[256]= } \frac{e^{-\frac{\left(\text{Log}[x] - \text{Log}\left[\frac{x\text{mittel}^2}{\sqrt{x\text{mittel}^2 + x\text{vari}}}\right]\right)^2}{2 \text{Log}\left[\frac{x\text{mittel}^2 + x\text{vari}}{x\text{mittel}^2}\right]}}}{\sqrt{2 \pi} x \sqrt{\text{Log}\left[\frac{x\text{mittel}^2 + x\text{vari}}{x\text{mittel}^2}\right]}}$$

■ selbe Beispielverteilung wie oben

```
In[257]:= S = 1;
μ = 2;
xvari = p2vari[S, μ]
xmittel = p2mittel[S, μ]
Plot[{p2mod2[x], p2[x]}, {x, 0, 20}, PlotRange -> {0, 0.11},
PlotStyle -> {Directive[Black, Thick], Directive[Green, Dashed, Thick]},
PlotLegend -> {"Lognormalver(xvari(S,μ),xmittel(S,μ))", "Lognormalver(S,μ)"},
LegendPosition -> {-0.1, 0.1}, LegendShadow -> {0, 0},
LegendSize -> {1.1, 0.3}, LegendTextSpace -> 15]
Clear[xmittel, xmax, xvari, S, μ]
```

Out[259]= $(-1 + e) e^5$

Out[260]= $e^{5/2}$



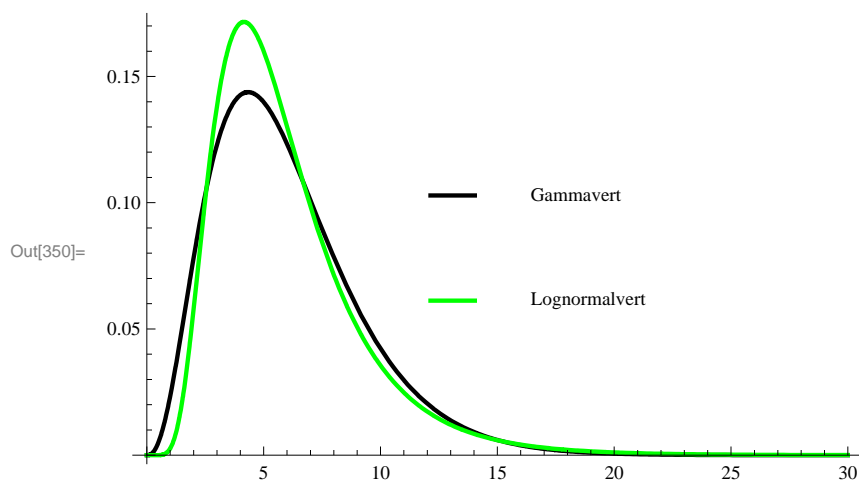
In[263]:=

3) Vergleich der beiden Verteilungen

gleiche Varianz und gleicher Erwartungswert

■ Verlauf

```
In[348]:= xvari = 10;
xmittel = 6;
Plot[{p1mod2[x], p2mod2[x]}, {x, 0, 30},
PlotStyle -> {Directive[Black, Thick], Directive[Green, Thick]},
PlotLegend -> {"Gammavert", "Lognormalvert"},
LegendPosition -> {-0.2, -0.3}, LegendShadow -> None]
Clear[xmittel, xmax, xvari]
```



■ Momente dieser speziellen "Gammaverteilung"

```
In[352]:= xvari = 10;
xmittel = 6;
specialgammamomentvarmittel [n_] = Integrate[x^n * p1mod2[x], {x, 0, ∞},
Assumptions -> Re[n] ≥ 1]
Clear[xmittel, xmax, xvari]
```

$$\text{Out[354]= } \frac{\left(\frac{5}{3}\right)^n \text{Gamma}\left[\frac{18}{5} + n\right]}{\text{Gamma}\left[\frac{18}{5}\right]}$$

■ Momente dieser speziellen Lognormalverteilung

```
In[356]:= xvari = 10;
xmittel = 6;
speciallognormalmomentvarmittel [n_] = Integrate[x^n * p2mod2[x], {x, 0, ∞},
Assumptions -> Re[n] ≥ 1]
Clear[xmittel, xmax, xvari]
```

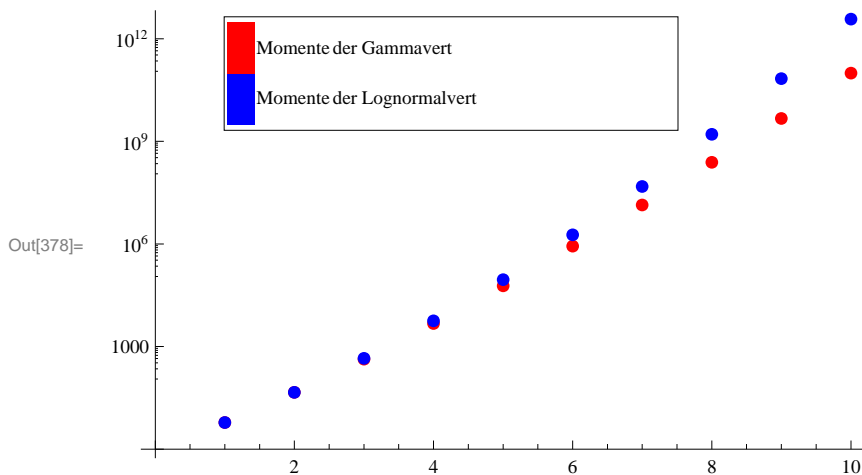
$$\text{Out[358]= } 3^{-\left(n + \frac{\text{Log}\left[\frac{648}{23}\right]}{\text{Log}\left[\frac{529}{324}\right]}\right)^2} \left(\frac{23}{2}\right)^{\frac{1}{2} \left(n + \frac{\text{Log}\left[\frac{648}{23}\right]}{\text{Log}\left[\frac{529}{324}\right]}\right)^2} e^{-\frac{\text{Log}\left[\frac{648}{23}\right]^2}{4 \text{Log}\left[\frac{529}{324}\right]}}$$

die n-ten Momente aufgetragen über n

```
In[376]:= gammamomentsvarmittel = Quiet[Table[N[specialgammamomentvarmittel [n]], {n, 1, 10}]]
lognormalmomentsvarmittel =
Quiet[Table[N[speciallognormalmomentvarmittel [n]], {n, 1, 10}]]
ShowLegend[
ListLogPlot[{gammamomentsvarmittel, lognormalmomentsvarmittel},
PlotMarkers → Graphics[{PointSize[0.02], Point[{0, 0}]}], PlotStyle → {Red, Blue}],
{Function[x, If[x == 0, Red, Blue]], 2, "Momente der Gammavert",
"Momente der Lognormalvert", LegendPosition → {-0.7, 0.3},
LegendPosition → {-0.1, 0.1}, LegendShadow → {0, 0},
LegendSize → {1.2, 0.3}, LegendTextSpace → 15}
]
```

```
Out[376]= {6., 46., 429.333, 4722.67, 59820.4, 857426.,
1.37188 × 107, 2.42366 × 108, 4.68574 × 109, 9.84005 × 1010}
```

```
Out[377]= {6., 46., 450.63, 5640.75, 90221.4, 1.8439 × 106,
4.81527 × 107, 1.60679 × 109, 6.85099 × 1010, 3.73252 × 1012}
```

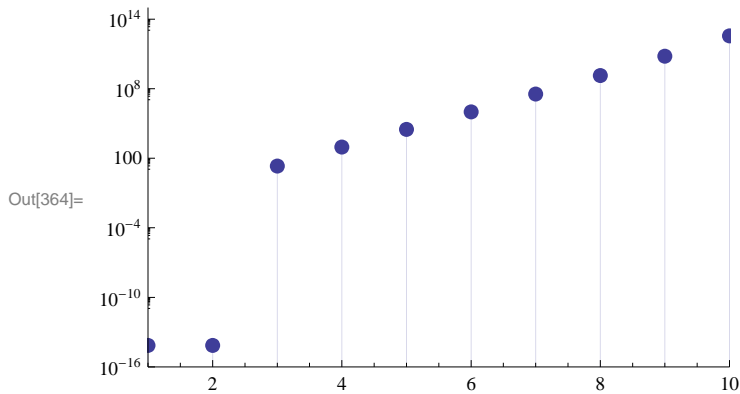


■ die Differenz der n-ten Momente aufgetragen über n

```
In[363]:= momentdiffsvarmittel = Abs[gammamomentsvarmittel - lognormalmomentsvarmittel]
```

```
Out[363]= {7.10543 × 10-15, 7.10543 × 10-15, 21.2963, 918.085, 30401.,
986474., 3.44339 × 107, 1.36442 × 109, 6.38241 × 1010, 3.63412 × 1012}
```

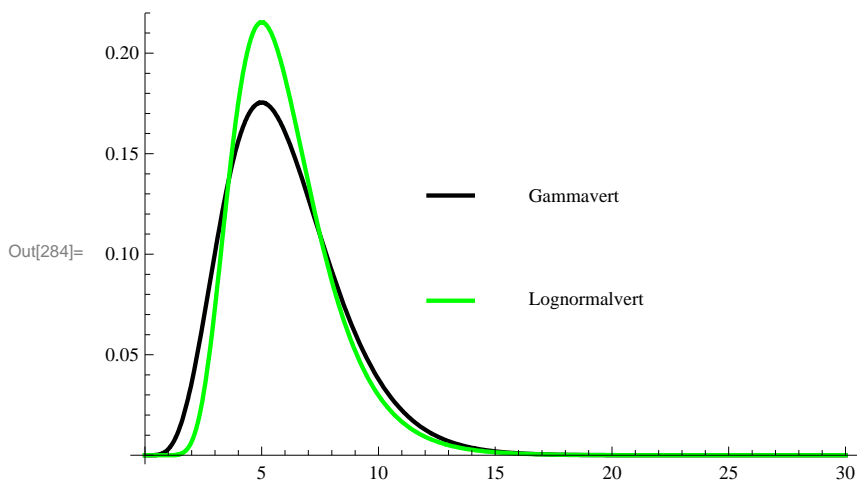
```
In[364]:= ListLogPlot[momentdiffsvarmittel, PlotRange -> {10^(-16), 10^15},
  Filling -> Bottom, PlotStyle -> PointSize[Large]]
```



gleicher Erwartungswert und Maximum an der gleichen Stelle

■ Verlauf

```
In[282]:= xmittel = 6;
xmax = 5;
Plot[{p1mod1[x], p2mod1[x]}, {x, 0, 30},
  PlotStyle -> {Directive[Black, Thick], Directive[Green, Thick]},
  PlotLegend -> {"Gammavert", "Lognormalvert"},
  LegendPosition -> {-0.2, -0.3}, LegendShadow -> None]
Clear[xmittel, xmax, xvari]
```



■ Momente dieser speziellen "Gammaverteilung"

```
In[365]:= xmittel = 6;
xmax = 5;
specialgammamomentmaxmittel[n_] = Integrate[x^n * p1mod1[x], {x, 0, ∞},
  Assumptions -> Re[n] ≥ 1]
Clear[xmittel, xmax, xvari]
```

Out[367]= $\frac{1}{120} \text{Gamma}[6 + n]$

Momente dieser speziellen Lognormalverteilung

```
In[369]:= xmittel = 6;
xmax = 5;
speciallognormalmomentmaxmittel [n_] = Integrate[x^n * p2mod1[x], {x, 0, ∞},
Assumptions → Re[n] ≥ 1]
Clear[xmittel, xmax, xvari]
```

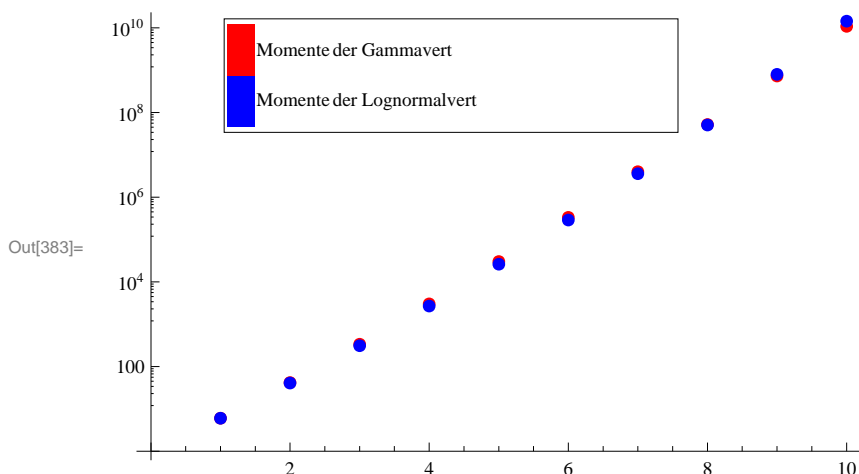
```
Out[371]= 5-1/3 (-1+n) n 61/3 n (2+n)
```

■ die n-ten Momente aufgetragen über n

```
In[381]:= gammamomentsmaxmittel = Quiet[Table[N[specialgammamomentmaxmittel [n]], {n, 1, 10}]]
lognormalmomentsmaxmittel =
Quiet[Table[N[speciallognormalmomentmaxmittel [n]], {n, 1, 10}]]
ShowLegend [
ListLogPlot [{gammamomentsmaxmittel, lognormalmomentsmaxmittel},
PlotMarkers → Graphics[{PointSize[0.02], Point[{0, 0}]}], PlotStyle → {Red, Blue}],
{Function[x, If[x == 0, Red, Blue]], 2, "Momente der Gammavert",
"Momente der Lognormalvert", LegendPosition → {-0.7, 0.3},
LegendPosition → {-0.1, 0.1}, LegendShadow → {0, 0},
LegendSize → {1.2, 0.3}, LegendTextSpace → 15}
]
```

```
Out[381]= {6., 42., 336., 3024., 30240., 332640.,
3.99168 × 106, 5.18918 × 107, 7.26486 × 108, 1.08973 × 1010}
```

```
Out[382]= {6., 40.6528, 311.04, 2687.39, 26219.9, 288882.,
3.59415 × 106, 5.04963 × 107, 8.01145 × 108, 1.43532 × 1010}
```



■ die Differenz der n-ten Momente aufgetragen über n

```
In[384]:= momentdiffsmaxmittel = Quiet [
Table[N[Abs[specialgammamomentmaxmittel [n] - speciallognormalmomentmaxmittel [n]],
{n, 1, 10}]]]
```

```
Out[384]= {0., 1.34724, 24.96, 336.614, 4020.09,
43758.3, 397530., 1.3955 × 106, 7.46593 × 107, 3.45595 × 109}
```

```
In[385]:= ListLogPlot[momentdiffsmaxmittel, PlotRange -> {10^(-16), 10^15},  
Filling -> Bottom, PlotStyle -> PointSize[Large]]
```

